More general comments

At the end of last class, I started to make some general comments about first-order differential equations, and I want to continue with those comments now.

1. What does it mean to solve the initial-value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f(t, y), \qquad y(t_0) = y_0?$$

A solution to the initial-value problem is a differentiable function y(t) defined on some interval  $a < t_0 < b$  containing  $t_0$  such that

- (a)  $y(t_0) = y_0$  and
- (b)  $\frac{dy}{dt} = f(t, y(t))$  for all t in the interval a < t < b.
- 2. Be careful about notation: The distinction between the independent and the dependent variables is important.

Example 1. 
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = kt$$

The solutions to this equation are  $y(t) = k\frac{t^2}{2} + c$ , where c is an arbitrary constant.

Example 2. 
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky$$

The solutions to this equation are  $y(t) = y_0 e^{kt}$ , where  $y_0$  is an arbitrary constant.

3. What does the term **general solution** mean?

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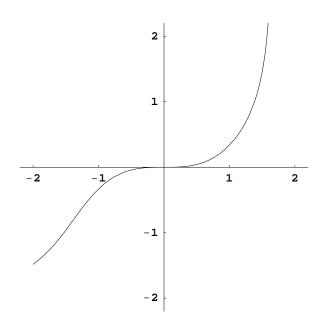
4. You should never get a wrong answer in this course:

5. Even relatively simple looking differential equations can have solutions that cannot be expressed in terms of functions that we already know and love.

Consider the initial-value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y^3 + t^2, \qquad y(0) = 0.$$

Here is the graph of the solution as generated by HPGSolver.



Our general approach in this course:

We will study differential equations

- 1. using the theory and
- 2. various techniques:
  - (a) analytic techniques
  - (b) geometric/qualitative techniques, and
  - (c) numerical techniques.

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Separable Differential Equations (an analytic technique)

First let's recall the method of substitution for calculating integrals (really antiderivatives):

A differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f(t, y)$$

is separable if it can be written in the form

$$\frac{dy}{dt} =$$

Two Examples:

$$1. \ \frac{dy}{dt} = -2ty^2$$

$$2. \ \frac{dy}{dt} = y^3 + t^2$$

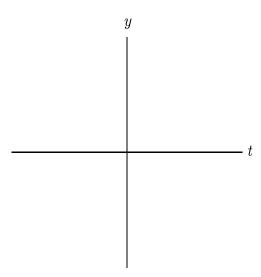
Let's go back to the first example

Example. 
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2ty^2$$

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We turn to FirstOrderExamples to get a sense of the graphs of these solutions:



What's the general solution to  $\frac{dy}{dt} = -2ty^2$ ? (Think before you answer.)