

Picard Lefschetz theory on symplectic orbifolds

Tuesday, June 27, 2017 10:20 AM

(1) Lefschetz fibration and related geometry
 Let's start from a holomorphic function $\pi: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
 from an affine mfd. f can be perturbed into
 non-degenerate, i.e. locally around $df(x) = 0$
 looks like: $\pi = z_1^2 + z_2^2 + \dots + z_n^2$ in coordinate
 (z_1, \dots, z_n) . \Rightarrow Lefschetz fibration

ex 1: More familiar if Y is projective \Rightarrow hyperplane sections gives a Lefschetz pencil.

This is a compactification of Lef. fibration

ex: On \mathbb{P}^2 (lines) through a point
 (Remove one line \Rightarrow trivial \mathbb{C} -fib. over \mathbb{C}) oral

quadratic through 4 pts.

$$Z_t = \{f + tg = 0\}, t \in \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0\}$$

ex 2: fibration of \mathbb{P}^2 (quadratic) $\setminus Z_0$. $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^1 = \{g=0\}$
 For symplectic geometry:

(T^*N, ω) , $\omega^n =$ volume form.

All affines are symplectic. ω restriction, Kähler forms.

Non-algebraic examples that we care a lot:

$\forall N$ smooth, (T^*N, dx) is symplectic. $X = \text{pdq}$
 (Classical mechanics) (p_i, q_i) coord.

Interesting class of submfd: Lagrangians.

L^n s.t. $\omega|_L = 0$. if $\lambda|_L$ is also exact,
 L is called exact Lag.

Uncertainty principle: "Lag. is minimal meaningful geometry."

$N \subset T^*N$ position, T_x^*N momentum.

A central problem (Arnold):

All Lag. in T^*N are isotopic to zero section.

Lemma: T^*N has a Lefschetz fibration.

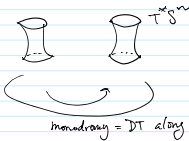
Nash-Tognoli: $N^n \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2n+1}$, approximate by real variety. $U \subset \mathbb{C}^2$

Complexity $\Rightarrow U \subset \mathbb{C}^{2n+1}$ (Need to deal w/ singularities)

But nbh($U \cap \mathbb{R}^n$) is like $T^*U_{\mathbb{R}} = T^*N$.

Use compactification + Hirzebruch's resolution @ ∞ , then use Lefschetz hyperplane sections therein.

(2) Local sym. geom in Lef. fib from singularity thg
 $(z_1, \dots, z_n) \mapsto \sum z_i^2$



$\Rightarrow T_{S^m}$ diffeomorphism s.t. $T_{S^m}^* \omega = \omega$
 \uparrow
 cpt supp.

When $n=1$, it's actual DT.

(3) What makes this more interesting for sym. geometers: Donaldson

HMs: (Kontsevich) $\mathcal{D}^b \text{Fuk}(X) \cong \mathcal{D}^b(X)$

Some cat. from Lag. sub mfd.

derived cat. of coherent sheaves

Increasing interests. Complete invariant for Fano/anti-Fano

Classical problems in symplectic topology.

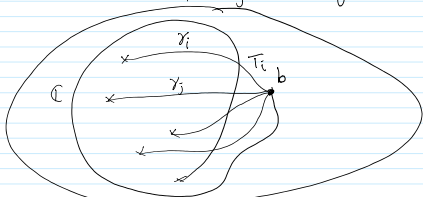
X, \tilde{X} are originally set-up as CY's. As people explored extensions for this conjecture combining geometry and physics, X, \tilde{X} are extended to much more general situations.

One instance: $X =$ LG-model

$\tilde{X} =$ Fano varieties \leftarrow write X 's first.

LG-model: $\pi: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$. After perturbation, CP. of π becomes non-degenerate \Rightarrow Lefschetz fibration!

$D^b \text{Fuk}(\pi)$ is defined by the following data:



Parallel transport of fibers over Y_i will incur a Lag. D^{n+1} over each fiber $= S^n$ (Lefschetz thimbles T_i)

(4) Fiber cohomology, Fukaya category and triangulated structures

Given 2 Lag. submflds X $L_0, L_1 \Rightarrow$ (graded) chain complexes over \mathbb{Z}_2
 exact, possibly immersed with appropriate tech. restriction $CF^*(L_0, L_1) \rightarrow HF^*(L_0, L_1)$

Take a category with:

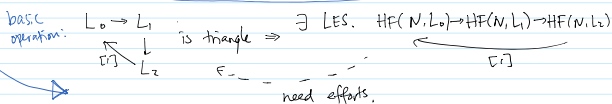
Objects: T_i + exact Lag.

Morphisms: $CF^*(L_0, L_1)$

with additional algebraic structures (A ∞ -structures)

Thm: (Seidel) T_i generates $\text{Fuk}(\pi)$.

Roughly, "generation" means one may recover any objects from T_i by mapping cones:



Heart of Seidel's proof:

$$CF(S^n, L) \otimes S^h \rightarrow L \rightarrow \tau_{\leq 0} L \text{ is a Cone}$$

effect of monodromy

An application (Fukaya-Seidel-Smith, Abouzaid)

$L \subset^* N$ exact, then its projection to N is a homotopy equivalence. (Represent all other Lag. as modules)



(5) Recent development of Picard-Lefschetz thy.

The compactification of D provides an algebraic deformation for $\text{Fuk}(\pi) \rightsquigarrow$ connects to $\text{Fuk}(M)$.

More interestingly, this deformation is governed by GW invariants of M . (Seidel)

(6) Symplectic orbifolds: \rightarrow locally like \mathbb{R}^n/Γ \leftarrow finite gp. isotropy

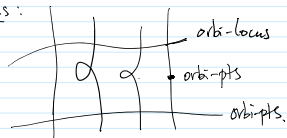
Work in progress (w/ G.B. Xu)

For any symp. orbifolds M , \exists symp. embedding into closed \rightarrow with cyclic isotropies

wt. projective spaces. Hyperplane sections \Rightarrow Lefschetz fibrations.

For non-cyclic ones, the embedding goes to Wt. Grassmannian

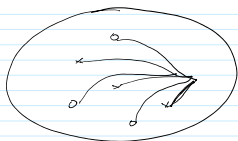
Orbi-Lefschetz fibrations:



Unless the orbifold point is isolated, the orbifold locus is a fibration.

Locally near an orbifold pt, $\Gamma = \mathbb{Z}/N$, $\pi = f(z)$ st. $f(z) = f(\zeta z)$ on chart.

\Rightarrow



Want a Picard-Lef. thy.

⑦ Local analysis of orbifold pts.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C}^k / (\mathbb{Z}/N) & \xleftarrow{p} & \mathbb{C}^k \\ \downarrow \pi & & \downarrow \tilde{\pi}, \tilde{\pi} \text{ is } \mathbb{Z}/N\text{-invariant} \\ \mathbb{C} & & \mathbb{C} \end{array}$$

→ Assume p does not have a fiberwise component. (isotropy of a fiber = id)

Approach 1: Perturb $\tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow \text{Fuk}(\tilde{\pi})$ and find group actions on it.

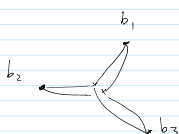
(hard to pin down which, not trivial to find)

Approach 2: Regard $\text{Fuk}(\pi)$ as $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -eq. Fuk of double cover.

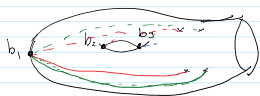
i) consider $p^{-1}(F_0)$ in \mathbb{C}^k

↑ general fiber

ii) Consider $(\mathbb{Z}/N \times \mathbb{Z}/2)$ -eq. Fuk cat on double cover over \mathbb{C}^k branched along $p^{-1}(F_0)$



$N=3$



→ this is a left fib. over a general Riemann surface with natural $\mathbb{Z}/N \times \mathbb{Z}/2$ -action

Finally, we want to package into directed Fuk cat on fiber. This will give us a \mathbb{Z}/N -eq. cat made out of N copies of each vanishing cycle.

Question: How to put this into a global Lefschetz fibration picture?

→ When \exists isotropy τ of fibers.

$$\left\{ z_1^2 + z_2^2 + \dots + z_{2k-1}^2 + z_{2k}^2 = 1 \right\}$$

c.o.v.

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ x_i y_i + \dots + x_k y_k = 1 \right\}$$

$$S_m(x_i, y_i) = (S_m x_i, S_m^{-1} y_i),$$

⇒ Vanishing cycle = lens spaces ^{S^1/C} but the actual object that counts is the immersed sphere $S^n \rightarrow S^n/\tau$

Then (Mak-W.) effect of monodromy is

$$\text{CF}^*(S^n, L) \otimes S^n \rightarrow L \rightarrow \tau_{S^n} L$$

Expectation: $\text{Fuk}(\pi) = \text{block-directed}$.

blocks = spheres / lens spaces

AND those from local orbifold models.

Further direction: Consider deformation thry by compactifications.

Recover orbifold Gw. from these.

Seidel's ODE's.