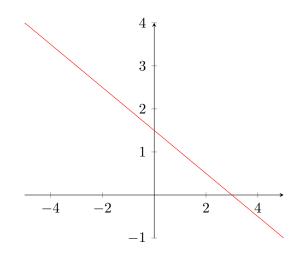
Problem Set 2 - Solutions

2019 Math Boot Camp for the Political and Social Sciences

Some practice

- 1. $f(1) = 3 \times 1 + 5 = 8$, $f(-3) = 3 \times -3 + 5 = -4$, $f(0.7) = 3 \times 0.7 + 5 = 7.1$.
- 2. $f \circ g(x) = (2x+2)^2 1.$ (a) $f \circ g(4) = (2 \times 4 + 2)^2 - 1 = 10^2 - 1 = 99.$ (b) $g(4) = 2 \times 4 + 2 = 10.$ Then $f(10) = 10^2 - 1 = 99.$
- 3.



4. Plug y = 2x + 1 into x - 3y = 7 to get

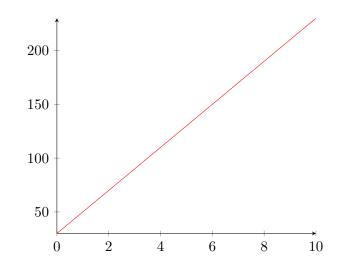
$$x - 3(2x + 1) = 7$$
$$-5x - 3 = 7$$
$$x = -2$$

Thus $y = 2 \times -2 + 1 = -3$ and thus the intersection is (-2, -3).

5. (a)
$$m = \frac{110 - 90}{4 - 3} = 20$$
, so $H = 20t + c$. Then

$$90 = 20 \times 3 + c$$
$$30 = c$$

(b)



- (c) When Jimmy is t = 5 he would be $H = 20 \times 5 + 30 = 130$ cm tall. When Jimmy is t = 10 he would be $H = 20 \times 10 + 30 = 230$ cm tall.
- (d) When Jimmy would be H = 800cm tall, he'd be

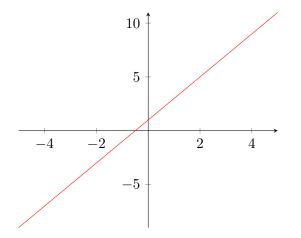
$$800 = 20 \times t + 30$$

$$770 = 20 \times t$$

$$t = 38.5$$
 years old

Deeper Thinking

- 1. There are (3 possibilities for where 1 goes)×(3 possibilities for where 2 goes) = 9 functions from A to B. To count in general find out how many choices you have for each input.
- 2. Drawing a triangle we see using some trigonometry that the angle θ between the graph and the axis satisfies $\tan(\theta) = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$. Thus $\theta = \tan^{-1}(m)$.
- 3. These points form the following picture



Thus the graph is y = 2x + 1.