

Day 2: June 29th

- Homework

6/29 1.2 Page 33 #1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 15, 23.

1.3 Page 48 #1, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17.

Modeling

- Differential Equations
 - Assumptions
 - Specify variables and parameters
 - Write out equations
- Solve
 - Analytical (old)
 - Qualitatively
 - Numerically

Modeling Population Growth

- Assume: Rate of growth of P is prop to P if P is “small”.
- Assume: “Carrying capacity”.

P constant if $P = N$

$P \downarrow$ if $P > N$

$P \uparrow$ if $P < N$

- Predict: Population at time t

- Variables:
 - $t = \text{time}$
= independent variable
 - $P = P(t)$
= Population at time t
= dependent variable
- Parameters:
 - $N = \text{Capacity (parameter)}$
 - $k = \text{proportionality constant (parameter)}$

Model

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = k \cdot P \cdot \left(? \right)$$

$$\left(? \right) \approx 1 \quad \text{if } P \text{ small}$$

$$\left(? \right) = 0 \quad \text{if } P=N$$

$$\left(? \right) < 0 \quad \text{if } P > N$$

Model

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = k \cdot P \cdot (?)$$

assume $N = 1$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = k \cdot P \cdot (1 - P)$$

Model

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = k \cdot P \cdot (?)$$

Generally:

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = k \cdot P \cdot \left(1 - \frac{P}{N} \right)$$

Example

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.3 \cdot P \left(1 - \frac{P}{500} \right)$$

- Solve
 - Equilibrium solutions
 - Analytical approach
 - Qualitative approach

Equilibrium solutions

First Rule of Baldur:

$$\text{set } \frac{dP}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0 = 0.3 \cdot P \cdot \left(1 - \frac{P}{500} \right)$$

Analytical approach

Separate and Integrate

Let's do it

Initial value problem: $P(0) = 100$

Initial value problem: $P(0) = 500$

Qualitative approach

Slope Field

Conclusions:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P_0 = 0 \\ P_0 = 500 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} P(t) \text{ is constant} \\ \text{equilibrium solutions} \end{array}$$

$$P_0 > 0 \quad P(t) \text{ tends to } 500$$

$$P(t) \downarrow \text{ if } P_0 > 500$$

$$P(t) \uparrow \text{ if } P_0 < 500$$