Math 123, Practice Exam Questions for Exam #1, October 10, 2003

Unless explicitly stated, full credit will be awarded only if the solution is correct and the steps leading up to it are correct.

1. Calculate the following:

(a)

(b)

$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x + 1}$

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{5x^2}{2x - 1}$$

(c)

$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{4 - x^2}{|2 - x|}$$

(d)

$$\lim_{x\to 1}\sqrt{\frac{2x^3-3x+5}{2-x}}$$

(e)

$$\lim_{x \to 3} f(x) \text{ where } f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x > 3\\ 8 & \text{if } x = 3\\ 12 - x & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$$

(f)

$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{x+3}{x^2 - 9}$$

(g) The horizontal and vertical asymptotes of

$$y = \frac{4 - 3x}{\sqrt{16x^2 + 1}}$$

(h) f'(x) where

$$f(x) = \sin\left(x^{100}\right)$$

(i) f'(x) where

$$f(x) = \sqrt{e^{2x} + 7x}$$

(j) f'(x) where (k) f'(x) where (l) f'(x) where $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$ (m) f'(x) where $f(x) = \operatorname{arctan}(x^3)$ 2. Consider the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - c, & \text{if } x > 2; \\ 3x^2, & \text{if } x \le 2 \end{cases}$$

where c is a real number.

- (a) What value of c makes the function f continuous everywhere?
- (b) Calculate f'(7)
- (c) Calculate f'(-1)
- (d) Calculate f'(2)

3. Compute the derivative of the following functions:

(a)

 $f(x) = \pi^4$

(b)

$$f(x) = 3x^5 - x^2 + 9$$

(c)

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2} - 3\sqrt{x}$$

(d)

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2x - 3}$$

(e)

$$f(x) = x^2 e^x$$

(f)

 $f(t) = t \sin t$

4. Find the equation for the tangent line to the curve y = f(x) where through the point (1, -3) where

$$f(x) = x^8 - 4x.$$

- 5. Suppose an object is moving along the real line with its position at time t given by the function $s(t) = \frac{1}{3}t^3 - 3t^2 - 7t + 10$.
 - (a) When is the object at rest?
 - (b) When is the object decelerating?
 - (c) Find the velocity of the object at time t = 2.
- 6. Find the equation for the tangent line to the curve given by the equation $\cos(xy) 3y^3 = e^x + 1$ through the point (0, -1).
- 7. Consider the graph of y = f(x) on the next page.
 - (a) Where is f undefined?
 - (b) Where is f not continuous?
 - (c) Where is f not differentiable?
 - (d) On what interval(s) is f' positive? Where does f' vanish?
 - (e) On what interval(s) is f concave down?
 - (f) What are

i.

f'(6)

ii.

lim	f(x)
$x \rightarrow -5^+$	• ()

iii.

$$\lim_{x \to -1} f(x)$$

iv.

 $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x)$