

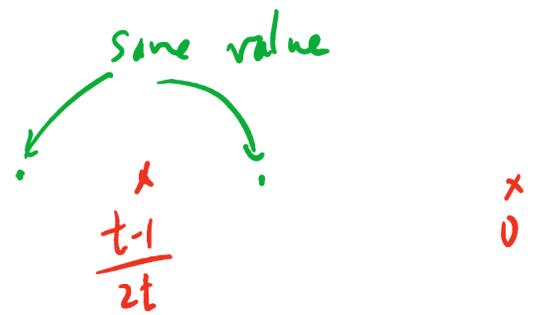
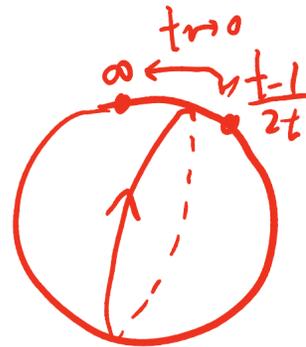
- Definition by pull-back
- The same as (signed) number of points in the preimage of a regular value \Rightarrow integer (use bump volume form)
- Degree under composition; homotopic invariance
- Eg. Polynomial: P^1 to P^1 (Prob. 17.10) \Rightarrow why it is called degree
- Brouwer fixed-point theorem
- Proper map version (Prob. 17.11)
- Prob. 17.12, 13.

$$\mathbb{R} \xleftarrow{\int_N} H^n(N) \xrightarrow{f^*} H^n(M) \xrightarrow{\int_M} \mathbb{R}$$

homo : deg.

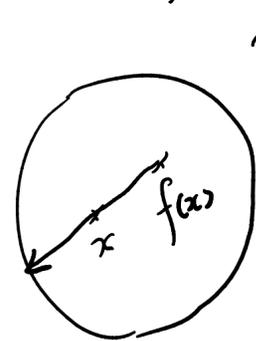


Homotopy needs proper!
 eg. $z \sim z^2 : \mathbb{C} \ni$
 $H = tz^2 + (1-t)z = t\left(z + \frac{1-t}{2t}\right)^2 - \frac{(1-t)^2}{4t}$
 $H^{-1}\{0\} = \{(z,t) \in \mathbb{C} \times [0,1] : z = 1 - \frac{1-t}{2t}\}$ non-cpt.



Brouwer fixed-point theorem:

$\bar{B}^n \ni f$ has fixed pt.



$$\tilde{f}(x) \triangleq \frac{x - f(x)}{\|x - f(x)\|} : \bar{B} \rightarrow \partial B$$

with $\tilde{f}|_{\partial B} \sim Id_{\partial B}$

$$\frac{x - f(x)}{\|x - f(x)\|}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M^{n+1} & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} & N^n \\ \cup & \searrow & \\ \partial M & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}^*} & \partial N \end{array}$$

$$\int_{\partial M} \tilde{f}^* \omega_N = \int_M d(\tilde{f}^* \omega_N) = 0 \quad \therefore \deg \tilde{f}|_{\partial B} = 0$$

contradiction!

deg=1

$t^2 + (1-t)z$ does not define a C^1 homotopy $\mathbb{P}^1 \times [0,1] \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$.

Around $(z=\infty, t=1) \longmapsto \infty \in \mathbb{P}^1$:

$$\frac{w^2}{t+(1-t)w} \quad \text{around } w=0 \text{ \& } t=0$$

\parallel

$$\frac{w^2}{-tw+t+w} \sim \frac{w^2}{t+w}$$

$$d(\cdot) = \frac{2(t+w)w dw - w^2(dt+dw)}{(t+w)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2tw+w^2)dw}{(t+w)^2} - \frac{w^2 dt}{(t+w)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\left(\frac{t}{w} + 1\right)^2}$$

NOT cont. at $t=w=0$.