

**MA 294: Applied Abstract Algebra / Spring 2022**

**Homework assignment #10**

**Due Thursday 4/21/2022 by 4pm**

Ok to turn in late, but don't wait to work out the problems!

Turn in your work either in class or before 4pm in the envelope hanging on MCS 127.

- Please staple or otherwise connect the pages of your work. There is a stapler in the math department main office. Yes, this requires a tiny bit of planning — but I know we can do this! Our grader is anxious that homework set pages might get lost.
- Write your name on the front page. Plan ahead: perhaps you need to carry around a pen for this purpose on Thursdays?
- Consider using a pen rather than a pencil, especially if your pencilwork is smudgy.

Read sections 22.1, 22.2, 22.3, 22.4.

- (1) Exercise 22.9.9
- (2) Exercise 22.1.3
- (3) Exercise 22.2.3
- (4) Exercise 22.4.1
- (5) In class, we showed that if  $R$  is a commutative ring, then  $M_2(R)$  is also a ring under matrix addition and matrix multiplication.
  - (a) How many elements are there in  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_2)$ ?
  - (b) Which elements of  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_2)$  are invertible? How many are there?
  - (c) By Theorem 22.2 the set of invertible elements of  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_2)$  is a group. Which of the groups that we have studied is this group isomorphic to?
- (6) For  $f(x), g(x)$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$ , say that  $f(x) \equiv_{x^2+x+1} g(x)$  if there exists a polynomial  $h(x) \in \mathbb{Z}_2[x]$  so that  $f(x) - g(x) = h(x)(x^2 + x + 1)$ . In other words,  $f(x) \equiv_{x^2+x+1} g(x)$  if their difference is a polynomial that is divisible by  $x^2 + x + 1$ . Convince yourself that “congruence modulo  $x^2 + x + 1$ ” is an equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$  — the argument is very similar to showing that “congruence modulo  $m$ ” is an equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$ , and you do not need to write this up.

Write  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$  for the set of equivalence classes of  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$  under the relation  $\equiv_{x^2+x+1}$ . Convince yourself that addition and multiplication is well-defined for elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$  — again, the argument is completely analogous to the well-definition of addition and multiplication on  $\mathbb{Z}_m$ , and again, you do not need to write this up.

It follows that  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$  is a commutative ring.

- (a) How many elements are in  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$ ? Find representatives for each equivalence class.
- (b) Make an addition table for  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$ .
- (c) Make a multiplication table for  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$ .
- (d) Show that  $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]_{x^2+x+1}$  is a field.