

Find the arc length of the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + \frac{2}{3}t^{3/2} \mathbf{k}$$

from $t = 0$ to $t = 4\pi$.

$$\vec{r}'(t) = (-\sin t)\vec{i} + (\cos t)\vec{j} + (t^{1/2})\vec{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\|\vec{r}'(t)\| &= \sqrt{\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t + t} \\ &= \sqrt{1+t}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{arc length} = \int_0^{4\pi} \sqrt{1+t} \, dt$$

$$\text{Let } u = 1+t \Rightarrow du = dt$$

$$\int_0^{4\pi} \sqrt{1+t} \, dt = \int_1^{4\pi+1} \sqrt{u} \, du$$

$$= \left[\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right]_1^{4\pi+1}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \left[(4\pi+1)^{3/2} - 1 \right]$$

$$\approx 32.65$$