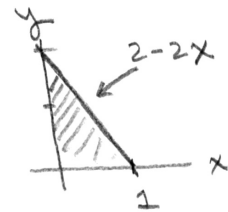


Calculate the coordinates of the center of mass of a homogeneous triangular surface with vertices  $(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 2, 0)$ , and  $(0, 0, 3)$ .

triangle  $T$  lies above  $T^* =$  

on the plane

$$6x + 3y + 2z = 6$$

$T$  is the graph of  $z = g(x, y)$

where  $g(x, y) = 3 - 3x - \frac{3}{2}y$ . So

$$\vec{n} = 3\vec{i} + \frac{3}{2}\vec{j} + \vec{k}, \text{ and } \|\vec{n}\| = \frac{7}{2}.$$

Therefore  $dS = \frac{7}{2} dA$  where  $A$  is area in the  $xy$ -plane.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area}(T) &= \frac{7}{2} \text{area}(T^*) \\ &= \frac{7}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Then } \bar{x} &= \frac{\iint_T x \, dS}{\text{area}(T)} = \frac{2}{7} \int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} x \left(\frac{7}{2}\right) dy \, dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} x \, dy \, dx \\ &= \int_0^1 2x - 2x^2 \, dx \\ &= \left[ x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Also } \bar{y} = \frac{\iint_T y \, dS}{\text{area } T} = \frac{2}{7} \int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} y \left(\frac{7}{2}\right) dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} y \, dy dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (2-2x)^2 dy dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 4 - 8x + 4x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 4x - 4x^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^3 \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 4 - 4 + \frac{4}{3} \right] = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{Also, } 6\bar{x} + 3\bar{y} + 2\bar{z} = 6 \Rightarrow$$

$$2 + 2 + 2\bar{z} = 6$$

$$2\bar{z} = 2 \Rightarrow \bar{z} = 1.$$