

MA561 - Fall 2024 Homework 6 - Due Friday, Nov. 8, 5pm on Gradescope

**Problem 1** *Olver 4.2.9*: Let  $a, c > 0$  be constants. The telegrapher's equation  $u_{tt} + au_t = c^2 u_{xx}$  represents a damped version of the wave equation. Consider the Dirichlet boundary value problem  $u(0, t) = 0 = u(1, t)$  on the interval  $x \in [0, 1]$  with initial condition  $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ ,  $u_t(x, 0) = 0$ .

- (a): Find all separable solutions to the telegrapher's equation that satisfy the boundary conditions.
- (b): Write down a series solution for the initial boundary value problem.
- (c): Discuss the long term behavior of your solution.
- (d): State a criterion that distinguishes overdamped from underdamped versions of the equation.

**Problem 2** *Olver 4.2.19*: Consider the wave equation  $u_{tt} = u_{xx}$  on the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions at both ends.

- (a) Use the d'Alembert formula to explicitly solve the initial value problem  $u(x, 0) = x - x^2$ ,  $u_t(x, 0) = 0$ .
- (b) Graph the solution profile at some representative times, and discuss what you observe.
- (c) Find the Fourier series of the form the solution and compare with that of part (a).
- (d) How many terms do you need to sum to obtain a reasonable approximation to the exact solution?

**Problem 3** *Olver 4.3.10(b)*: Solve the boundary value problem for Laplace's equation on the square  $\Omega = \{0 \leq x \leq \pi, 0 \leq y \leq \pi\}$  with  $u(x, 0) = 0$ ,  $u(x, \pi) = 0$ ,  $u(0, y) = \sin(y)$ ,  $u(\pi, y) = 0$ .

**Problem 4** *Olver 4.3.27*: (a) Find the equilibrium temperature on a disk of radius 1 (i.e. Laplace's equation on the unit disk), when half the boundary is held at 1 degree and the other half is held at -1 degree.

(b) Find the equilibrium temperature on a half-disk of radius 1 when the temperature is held to 1 degree on the curved edge and 0 degrees on the straight edge.