

Algebraic Number Theory
MA844 (aka MA743)
Spring 2014
HW #5

- (1) Recall the p -adic valuation $\text{ord}_p : \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \cup \{\infty\}$. (Here we are extending its definition so that $\text{ord}_p(0) = \infty$.) Prove:
 - (a) $\text{ord}_p(a + b) \geq \min\{\text{ord}_p(a), \text{ord}_p(b)\}$;
 - (b) if $\text{ord}_p(a) \neq \text{ord}_p(b)$, then $\text{ord}_p(a + b) = \min\{\text{ord}_p(a), \text{ord}_p(b)\}$.
- (2) Recall the p -adic absolute value $|\cdot|_p : \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$.
 - (a) Let $D(a, r) := \{x \in \mathbb{Q} : |x - a|_p < r\}$ denote the “open” disc in $\mathbb{Q}$. Show that $D(a, r)$ is open. Show that $D(a, r)$ is closed.
 - (b) Let $\overline{D}(a, r) := \{x \in \mathbb{Q} : |x - a|_p \leq r\}$ denote the “closed” disc in $\mathbb{Q}$. Show that $\overline{D}(a, r)$ is closed. Show that $\overline{D}(a, r)$ is open.
 - (c) Show that “every triangle is isocoles” in $\mathbb{Q}$ under $|\cdot|_p$.
 - (d) Show that any point in $D(a, r)$ is a center. That is, if $b \in D(a, r)$ then $D(a, r) = D(b, r)$.
- (3) Neukrich, Chapter 2, section 1: 4,5
- (4) Neukrich, Chapter 2, section 2: 5,6
- (5) Prove $\mathbb{Q}_p(\zeta_p) \cong \mathbb{Q}_p(p^{1/(p-1)})$.
- (6) How does the 7-th cyclotomic polynomial factor in $\mathbb{Q}_{11}$? Explain.
- (7) Show that $\mathbb{Q}_p^{\text{un}}$ is not complete under the p -adic norm.
- (8) Let $K/\mathbb{Q}$ be a number field. Any embedding from K to $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}_p$ induces a non-archimedean absolute value on K (by restriction).
 - (a) Show that this absolute value on K is equivalent to the absolute value associated to some (unique) prime ideal sitting over p .
 - (b) Is this association of embeddings of K into $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}_p$ to primes of K over p bijective?
- (9) Show that maximal abelian extension of $\mathbb{Q}(i)$ is larger than the $\mathbb{Q}^{ab}(i)$. (Hint: find an abelian extension of $\mathbb{Q}(i)$ which is not abelian over $\mathbb{Q}$.) Can you generalize your argument to any quadratic extension? How about any number field? How about replacing $\mathbb{Q}$ by $\mathbb{Q}_p$?